The Benefits of Hiring and Retaining Employees in Recovery: A Win-Win Approach

Effective Workplace Policies and Practices Can Help Save Money and Save Lives!

- Individuals in recovery from substance use disorder (SUD) are a largely untapped economic resource.
 - As many as 5.5 million U.S. adults living with SUD are currently unemployed.¹
- Evidenced-based workplace policies are worth it!
 - Businesses that invest in providing access to substance use treatment for employees can see as high as a **13 to 1 return on their investment**.²
 - Employees who receive treatment and enter recovery from SUD showed 36% decreases in absenteeism and a 13% decrease in work turnover, all equating to cost savings for the employer.²
 - Business sponsored and monitored treatment produces better recovery results than treatment sought at the request of friends or family.²
- Businesses can be part of the solution. Employment opportunities help improve people's lives and improve the community.
 - The benefits of work for individuals with substance use disorders include lower rates of recurrence, higher rates of abstinence, less criminal activity, fewer parole violations, improvements in quality of life, and more successful transition from long-term residential treatment back to the community. ^{3,4,5,6}
- Policies that retain workers, save money.
 - The cost to replace employees is typically between **25-200%** of their annual compensation, which does not include the cost of loss of company knowledge, continuity, and productivity.²
- Fair Chance employment pays off.
 - Businesses hiring individuals with substance use and criminal backgrounds may be eligible as a fair chance employer for financial incentives through programs such as the Federal Bonding Program and the Work Opportunity Tax Credit.

Business Resources

- Incentive programs
 - o Federal Bonding Program
 - o Work Opportunity Tax Credit
- Employer Toolkits
 - o SAMHSA Drug-Free Workplace Toolkit
 - o <u>Recovery Friendly Ohio Employer Training Modules</u>
 - o Ohio Chamber of Commerce Opioid Toolkit
 - o Sharing Solutions: Businesses Combat the Opioid Crisis
- Other SUD Resources
 - o Substance Use Employer Calculator
 - o <u>Recovery Ohio: Take the Pledge to End Stigma</u>
 - o National Institute on Drug Abuse
 - o Substance Use Disorders Recovery with a Focus on Employment and Education
 - o Job Accommodation Network: Drug Addiction
 - o Job Accommodation Network: Alcoholism

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Substance Use is a National Crisis

- Over the past year overdoses have claimed the lives of over 100,000 Americans.⁷
 - An almost 30% increase from the year before
 - Opioids were responsible for around 75% of the overdose deaths
 - Overdose deaths from methamphetamines and cocaine are also on the rise
- Around 40.3 million U.S. adults are living with SUD
- Drug use and overdose deaths in the U.S. have been identified as an "epidemic," a "crisis," and a "public health emergency."
- The annual costs associated with SUD, including healthcare and employment, exceed \$440 billion.⁸
 - Much of this burden falls on businesses (estimates for the annual cost of lost productivity in the workplace are as high as \$200 billion).

What about in Ohio?

- Unintentional drug poisoning is the leading cause of injury death in Ohio, surpassing motor vehicle crashes.⁹
- More than 4,250 Ohioans died from overdose over the past year.¹⁰
 - Ohio has the fourth-highest opioid overdose rate in the U.S.
 - More than twice the national average.
- Around 9% of Ohioans struggle with substance use and addiction issues.¹¹
- Drug-related crimes constitute around one-quarter of all felonies resulting in prison sentences in Ohio.¹²
 - Marijuana possession exceeded incidents for all other drugs combined.
 - Drug convictions exclude many Ohioans from jobs that could help them in their recovery journey.
 - Around 1 in 4 Ohio jobs is blocked or restricted for those with a conviction.

How Does Substance Use Impact the Workplace?

- Nationally, around 8.6% of working adults have SUD. That means the likelihood is high that you have a substantial number of individuals in your own workforce either currently dealing with or with a history of SUD.²
 - The number of employed Americans using illicit substances (15.4 million) is greater than those not in the workplace (7 million).¹
 - A national survey on drug use found as many as one in five survey respondents reported they have used marijuana recreationally at work during work hours.²
- Estimates for the annual cost of lost productivity in the workplace are as high as \$200 billion.¹³
 - The negative impact includes lost productivity, workplace accidents and injuries, absenteeism, low morale, and increased illnesses.
 - The estimated annual cost of untreated SUD in the workplace can range from \$2,600 to \$13,000 per employee.

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